RAILWAY ROLLING STOCK CABLE APPLICATION GUIDE

1. Application

Rolling stock cables are used for moving vehicles across railway, metro and underground rail infrastructures. The cables are required to have various properties including those that ensure fire safety, such as high flame retardancy and high durability, as well as low smoke and toxicity.

2. Rating Voltage

According to EN standards EN50264, the voltage class is divided into the following four categories.

Rating Voltage V				
Uo	U	Um	Vo	
300 a	500 ª	600 a	450 ª	
600	1000	1200	900	
1800	3000	3600	2700	
3600	6000	7200	5400	

^a Multicore cables only

3. Rating working temperature range

EN 50264 cable: -40~+90°C EN 50306 cable: -40~+105°C

4. Bending radius recommended

At cable temperature +10~+30°C, Min, bending radii

0

Unscreened Cables	For cable diameter (mm)			
	≤12	> 12		
Fixed installation	4D	5D		
Careful bending (once only at termination)	3D	4D		
Screened cables				
All installations	10D	10D		
NOTE D is the overall diameter.				

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5. Current carrying capacity

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EN50264 cables are mainly used as power line or power line connection. The current capacity as follows.

Current Ratings			
Conductor cross-sectional area mm ²	Current rating Single cable A		
1,0	20		
1,5	25		
2,5	33		
4	46		
6	60		
10	85		
16	110		
25	150		
35	190		
50	240		
70	300		
95	360		
120	425		
150	490		
185	560		
240	675		
300	775		
400	950		

These ratings are applicable to a single cable installed in "free air" with unrestricted ventilation. They are based upon a 45 $^{\circ}$ C ambient air temperature with a maximum conductor operating temperature of 90 $^{\circ}$ C

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Temperature	Factor K ¹
°C	
30	1,15
35	1,10
40	1,05
45	1,00
50	0,94
55	0,88
60	0,81
65	0,74
70	0,66
75	0,57
80	0,47
85	0,33
105	1,15
120	1,29
140	1,45
150	1,52

6. Derating factors for other ambient temperatures

The tabulated value of short circuit current are applicable to standard wall cables to EN 50264 and are based upon a duration of current flow of 1 s.

It is assumed the cable has an initial conductor temperature of 90 $^\circ\!C$ and that the final conductor temperature will be limited to 200 $^\circ\!C$.

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